## Math 250 Quiz \#3 (Fall 2020)

1 Solve the general solution to $y^{\prime \prime}+3 y=-48 x^{2} e^{3 x}$.
Auxiliary equation is $r^{2}+3=0$, with solution $r= \pm i \sqrt{3}$. Particular solution will have form $y_{p}=\left(A x^{2}+B x+C\right) e^{3 x}$. We then find that

$$
y_{p}^{\prime \prime}+3 y_{p}=\left(12 A x^{2}+12 A x+12 B x+2 A+6 B+12 C\right) e^{3 x},
$$

and so $A, B, C$ must be such that

$$
12 A x^{2}+12 A x+12 B x+2 A+6 B+12 C=-48 x^{2}
$$

This gives us the system

$$
\left\{\begin{aligned}
12 A & =-48 \\
12 A+12 B & =0 \\
2 A+6 B+12 C & =0
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

which has solution $A=-4, B=4, C=-\frac{4}{3}$. General solution is therefore

$$
y=\left(-4 x^{2}+4 x-\frac{4}{3}\right) e^{3 x}+c_{1} \cos \sqrt{3} x+c_{2} \sin \sqrt{3} x .
$$

