

1. 10 pts. Find the volume of the region in the first octant bounded by  $y = 2x^2$  and  $y + 4z = 8$ .

2. 10 pts. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_1^{\ln 8} \int_1^{\sqrt{z}} \int_{\ln y}^{\ln 2y} e^{x+y^2-z} dx dy dz$$

3. 10 pts. Evaluate the integral

$$\iiint_D \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dV$$

using cylindrical coordinates, where  $D$  is the region inside the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  and between the planes  $z = -5$  and  $z = 4$ .

4. Let  $C$  be the line segment from  $(0, 1, 2)$  to  $(-3, 7, -1)$ .

(a) 5 pts. Find a parametric description for  $C$  in the form  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t), z(t) \rangle$ .

(b) 10 pts. Evaluate the line integral

$$\int_C (xz - y^2) ds.$$

5. 10 pts. Evaluate the integral  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle e^{x-1}, xy \rangle$ , and the curve  $C$  is given by  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2, t^3 \rangle$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ .

6. 10 pts. Determine whether the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle ye^x + \sin y, e^x + x \cos y \rangle$$

is conservative. If it is, determine a potential function for  $\mathbf{F}$ .

7. 10 pts. Evaluate

$$\int_C \nabla(e^{-x} \cos y) \cdot d\mathbf{r},$$

where  $C$  is the line segment from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(\ln 2, 2\pi)$ .