

1. 10 pts. Find the gradient field $\mathbf{F} = \nabla\varphi$ for the potential function $\varphi(x, y) = \sin x \sin y$.
2. 10 pts. Evaluate $\int_C \frac{xy}{z}$, where C is the line segment from $(1, 4, 1)$ to $(3, 6, 3)$.
3. 10 pts. Compute the flux for the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle y - x, x \rangle$ across $C : \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2 \cos t, 2 \sin t \rangle$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
4. 15 pts. Show that the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \left\langle \frac{1}{y}, -\frac{x}{y^2}, 2z - 1 \right\rangle$ is conservative on \mathbb{R}^3 , and then determine a potential function.
5. 10 pts. Evaluate $\int_C \nabla\varphi \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ for $\varphi(x, y, z) = x + y + z$ and $C : \mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \sin t, \cos t, t/\pi \rangle$, $0 \leq t \leq \pi$.
6. 10 pts. Use the circulation form of Green's Theorem to evaluate the line integral $\oint_{\partial R} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 2xy, x^2 - y^2 \rangle$ and R is the region bounded by $y = x(2 - x)$ and $y = 0$.
7. 10 pts. Use the flux form of Green's Theorem to evaluate the line integral $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n}$, where $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 0, xy \rangle$ and C is the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, $(0, 4)$.
8. 10 pts. Find the divergence of $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle yz \sin x, xz \cos y, xy \cos z \rangle$.
9. 10 pts. Find the curl of $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle 0, z^2 - y^2, yz \rangle$.
10. 10 pts. Find all vectors \mathbf{v} for which $(\text{curl } \mathbf{F}) \cdot \mathbf{v} = 0$, given $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle y, -2z, -x \rangle$.