## Math 140 Exam #4 Summer II '10

## Name:

- 1. 10 pts. Estimate the area under the graph of  $f(x) = 25 x^2$  from x = 0 to x = 5 using five approximating rectangles and right endpoints.
- 2. <u>20 pts.</u> The definite integral can be defined as  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i) \Delta x, \text{ where } \Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} \text{ and } x_i = a + i\Delta x. \text{ Use this definition to}$ evaluate  $\int_{-1}^{3} (1+x^2) \, dx.$
- 3. 10 pts. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{4-x^2} dx$  by interpreting it in terms of areas.
- 4. 10 pts. each Use Part 1 of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to find the derivative of the function.

(a) 
$$F(x) = \int_{x}^{10} \sin^{4} t \, dt.$$
  
(b)  $y = \int_{1}^{\cos x} (t + \tan t) \, dt.$ 

5. 10 pts. each Evaluate the integral.

(a)  $\int_{0}^{\pi} (4\sin\theta - 3\cos\theta) \, d\theta$ (b)  $\int_{-4}^{2} (3s - 2|s|) \, ds$ (c)  $\int_{1}^{2} x\sqrt{x - 1} \, dx$ (d)  $\int_{0}^{\sqrt{\pi}} \varphi \cos(\varphi^{2}) \, d\varphi$  6. 10 pts. each Find the indefinite integral.

(a) 
$$\int \cos\theta \sin^6\theta \, d\theta$$
  
(b) 
$$\int \frac{1+4x}{\sqrt{1+x+2x^2}} \, dx$$
  
(c) 
$$\int \sqrt{\cot x} \csc^2 x \, dx$$

- 7. 15 pts. Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves  $y = \sqrt{x+3}$  and y = (x+3)/2.
- 8. 15 pts. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating about the x-axis the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^3$ , y = x, and  $x \ge 0$ .

Some Wonderful Formulas  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$   $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$   $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^3 = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^2$