

Math 140
Exam #3
Summer II '10

Name:

1. 10 pts. Find the linearization $L(x)$ of the function $f(x) = 1/\sqrt{2+x}$ at 0.
2. 10 pts. Use an appropriate linearization to estimate the value of $\sin 1^\circ$.
3. 10 pts. each Find the critical numbers of the function.
 - (a) $s(t) = 3t^4 + 4t^3 - 6t^2$
 - (b) $f(x) = x^{4/5}(x-4)^2$
4. 10 pts. each Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of f on the given interval.
 - (a) $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 + 3$, $[-2, 3]$
 - (b) $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$, $[0, \pi/3]$
5. 10 pts. Verify that the function $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem on the interval $[1, 4]$. Then find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.
6. 10 pts. each Let $h(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^3 + 3$.
 - (a) Find the intervals of increase and decrease.
 - (b) Find the local maximum and minimum values.
 - (c) Find the intervals of concavity and the inflection points.
7. 10 pts. each Find the limit.
 - (a) $\lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 - 3y^2}{5y^2 + 4y}$
 - (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{9x^6 - x}}{x^3 + 1}$
 - (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^4 + 6x^2} - x^2)$
8. 15 pts. Find the point on the line $y = 2x - 9$ that is closest to the point $(5, -2)$.
9. 15 pts. A cylindrical can without a top is made to contain $V \text{ cm}^3$ of liquid. Find the dimensions that will that minimize the cost of the metal to make the can.
10. 10 pts. Find the most general antiderivative of the function $f(x) = 6\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[6]{x}$.
11. 10 pts. Find f , given $f''(x) = 20x^3 + 12x^2 + 4$, $f(0) = 8$, $f(1) = 5$.
12. 15 pts. Show, using appropriate theorems (*not* a graph), that the equation $1 + 2x + x^3 + 4x^5 = 0$ has exactly one real root.