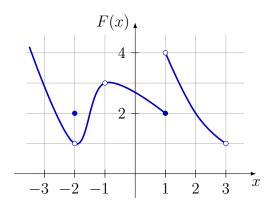
## NAME:

- Use the graph below to find the following limits, if they exist. If a limit does not exist, explain why.
- (a)  $\lim_{x \to -1} F(x)$  (b)  $\lim_{x \to -2} F(x)$  (c)  $\lim_{x \to 1^{-}} F(x)$  (d)  $\lim_{x \to 1^{+}} F(x)$  (e)  $\lim_{x \to 3^{+}} F(x)$



- 2. 10 pts. each Evaluate each limit algebraically using limit laws, showing work.
  - (a)  $\lim_{x \to -b} \frac{(x+b)^7 + (x+b)^{10}}{4(x+b)}$ , b a fixed real number.
  - (b)  $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{5+h} \frac{1}{5}}{h}$
  - (c)  $\lim_{x\to 64} \frac{\sqrt{x}-8}{x-64}$
  - (d)  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1-\cos x}{\cos^2 x 3\cos x + 2}$
- 3. 10 pts. Suppose

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 4k, & x < -3\\ x + 9, & x > -3. \end{cases}$$

Determine a value for k for which the limit  $\lim_{x\to -3} G(x)$  exists, and state the value of the limit.

4. 4 pts. each Determine the following limits:

$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{-5}{(x-3)^3}, \quad \lim_{t \to -2^-} \frac{t^3 - 5t^2 + 6t}{t^4 - 4t^2}, \quad \lim_{\theta \to 0^-} \cot 6\theta.$$

5. 10 pts. Find all vertical asymptotes x = a of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{2x^3 + 5x^2 - 3x}.$$

For each value of a determine  $\lim_{x\to a^+} f(x)$ ,  $\lim_{x\to a^-} f(x)$ , and  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ .

6. 10 pts. Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{8 - 4x^2}{7x^2 + 5x - 12}.$$

7. 15 pts. Determine  $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x)$  and  $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x)$  for

$$f(x) = \frac{4x^3 + 1}{2x^3 + \sqrt{16x^6 + 1}}.$$

Then give the horizontal asymptotes of f, if any.

8.  $\boxed{10 \text{ pts.}}$  Let h be given by

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - x, & \text{if } x < -1\\ s, & \text{if } x = -1\\ 3x - 5, & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

Find the value of s for which h is continuous from the left at -1, and the value of s for which h is continuous from the right at -1.

9. 10 pts. Use the precise definition of limit to prove that

$$\lim_{x \to -2} (4x + 9) = 1.$$

- 10. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x 1}$ .
  - (a) 10 pts. Use the limit definition of a derivative to find f'(1).
  - (b) 5 pts. Determine an equation for the tangent line to the graph of f at the point (1,1).
- 11. 15 pts. Use the limit definition of a derivative to find f'(x) given that

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3x - 4}.$$

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