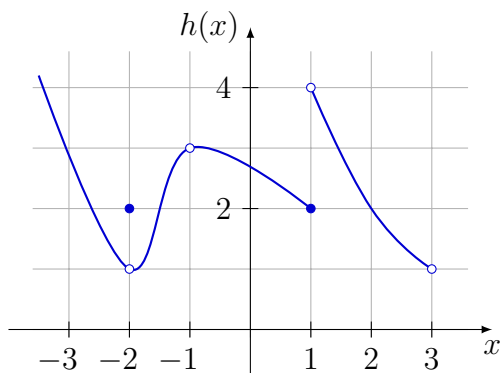


1. 3 pts. each Use the graph below to find the following limits, if they exist. If a limit does not exist, explain why.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} h(x)$ (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} h(x)$ (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} h(x)$ (d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} h(x)$ (e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} h(x)$



2. 10 pts. each Evaluate each limit algebraically using limit laws, showing work.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x^2 + 3x + 1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$.

(b) $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+t} - \sqrt{1-t}}{t}$.

3. 10 pts. Let

$$G(t) = \begin{cases} 4 - \frac{1}{2}t, & \text{if } t < 2 \\ \sqrt{t+c}, & \text{if } t \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

Find the value of c so that $\lim_{t \rightarrow 2} G(t)$ exists.

4. 10 pts. Use the precise definition of limit to prove that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

5. 10 pts. Let g be given by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + x, & \text{if } x < 1 \\ a, & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 3x + 5, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

Find the value of a for which g is continuous from the left at 1, and also the value of a for which g is continuous from the right at 1.

6. 10 pts. If $f(x) = x^2 + 10 \sin x$, show that there is a number c such that $f(c) = 1000$.
7. 10 pts. Find the derivative of $f(x) = 2.5x^2 + 6x$ using the definition of derivative.
8. 10 pts. If $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$, show that $f'(0)$ does not exist.
9. 10 pts. each Use differentiation formulas to find the derivative.
- (a) $f(t) = \sqrt{t} - t^{-1}$
- (b) $h(x) = \frac{1 + 3x}{3 - 4x}$
- (c) $y = \sec \theta \tan \theta$
10. 10 pts. For what values of x does the graph of $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + x + 3$ have a horizontal tangent?
11. 10 pts. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = (1 + x) \cos x$ at the point $(0, 1)$.
12. 10 pts. Find the limit:

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 6t}{\sin 2t}$$