- 1. 10 pts. Find the inverse of  $f(x) = x^2 + 16, x \ge 0$ .
- 2. 10 pts. each Let  $g(x) = \frac{5x-3}{x+6}$ .
  - (a) Find the inverse of g.
  - (b) Find the domain and range of both g and  $g^{-1}$ .
- 3. 10 pts. Find the slope and y-intercept of the linear function h(x) = 3, and also state the domain and range of h.
- 4. 10 pts. each Consider the quadratic function  $f(x) = 2x^2 x + 2$ .
  - (a) Write f(x) in the form  $a(x-h)^2 + k$ .
  - (b) Find the vertex, domain, and range of f.
- 5. 10 pts. each Solve each enchanted inequality algebraically.
  - (a) x(x+1) < 30
  - (b)  $2x^3 > -8x^2$
  - (c)  $\frac{x+4}{x-2} \le 1$
- 6. 10 pts. Construct a polynomial function f of degree 3 and having 2, -1, -3 as zeros.<sup>1</sup>
- 7. 15 pts. Find all asymptotes for the rational function  $Q(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^2 4}$
- 8. 10 pts. Find the bounds to the zeros of  $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 5x^2 + 9$ .

<sup>2</sup> "Standard form" means in the form  $a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$ .

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- 9. Let  $f(x) = 2x^4 + 11x^3 5x^2 43x + 35$ .
  - (a) 10 pts. Find all the zeros of f exactly.
  - (b) 5 pts. Fully factor f(x).
- 10. <u>10 pts.</u> Construct a degree 3 polynomial function f with *real* coefficients and having zeros 2 and 4 - i. Write the polynomial in standard form.<sup>2</sup>
- 11. 15 pts. Find the complex zeros of  $f(x) = x^3 1$ , and write f(x) in *fully* factored form.

EXTRA CREDIT (20 pts.) – Using the Rational Zeros Theorem and/or factoring, find all zeros of the function  $f(x) = x^8 - x^7 + 8x^5 - 7x^4 - x^3 + 8x - 8$ . Show work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For 10 points extra credit: make f such that f(4) = 10.