MATH 120 SUMMER 2015 EXAM 1

NAME:

1. 10 pts. Evaluate $x^2 + 7y - z^4$, given that z = -2, y = 4, and x = -4.

2. 10 pts. each Perform the indicated operation.

(a)
$$(u^3 - 2u^2 + 5) - 2(-7u^3 + 11u^2)$$

(b)
$$(3v+2)(4v^2-7v+6)$$

(c)
$$(a - 8b)^2$$

3. 10 pts. Divide by long division: $\frac{8x^4 + 6x^2 - 3x + 1}{2x^2 - x + 2}$

4. 10 pts. each Fully factor each polynomial.

(a)
$$10ab - 6b + 35a - 21$$

(b)
$$9z^2 + 4z - 2$$

(c)
$$32a^2 + 48ab + 18b^2$$

(d)
$$36k^2 - 81\ell^4$$

(e)
$$1000x^3 + 343y^3$$

5. 10 pts. each Find each product or quotient.

(a)
$$\frac{q^3 + q^2}{7} \cdot \frac{49}{q^4 + q^3}$$

(b)
$$\frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2+3x-4} \div \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2+4x+3}$$

- 6. 10 pts. Find the sum: $\frac{5}{12x^2y} \frac{7}{6xy^3}$
- 7. 10 pts. Simplify the complex fraction:

$$\frac{1 - \frac{2}{3x}}{9 - \frac{4}{x^2}}$$

8. 10 pts. Simplify, writing the answer using only positive exponents: $\frac{(r^{-1/5}s^{2/3})^{15}}{r^{-2}}$.

- 9. 10 pts. Factor $w^{-7} + 6w^{-9}$ using the common factor w^{-9} .
- 10. 10 pts. each Simplify each radical expression.
 - (a) $\sqrt{25j^4k^2}$, given j and k are positive.
 - (b) $\sqrt{8x^2z^8}$, given x and z can be any real number.
 - (c) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{9}{16r^4}}$
 - (d) $\sqrt[5]{\sqrt[6]{60}}$
 - (e) $\sqrt[3]{32} 5\sqrt[3]{4} 8\sqrt[3]{108}$
- 11. $\boxed{10 \text{ pts.}}$ Solve the equation: 4[2x (3-x) + 5] = -6x 28.
- 12. 10 pts. Solve for a: ax + b = 3(x a).
- 13. 15 pts. What quantity of a 60% acid solution must be mixed with 400 mL of a 45% acid solution to produce a 55% acid solution? (Round to the nearest tenth of a milliliter.)
- 14. 15 pts. Professor Emeritus Angus McPratt invested \$12,000, a portion earning a simple interest rate of 5.5% per year and the rest earning a rate of 4% per year. After one year the total interest earned on these investments was \$560. How much money did he invest at each rate?
- 15. 10 pts. each Perform the indicated operation and write the answer in the standard form for complex numbers.
 - (a) (3-6i)-(-8-13i)
 - (b) (4-3i)(2+9i)
 - $(c) \frac{3-2i}{1+i}$
 - (d) i^{355}