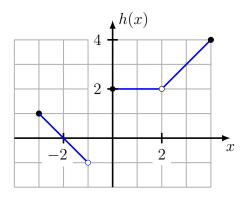
NAME:

- 1. 10 pts. Given $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x+1}$, find and simplify f(-3), f(-x), and f(x+1).
- 2. 10 pts. each The graph of function y = h(x) is below.
 - (a) Find h(-1), h(2), and h(4).
 - (b) Find the domain and range of h.



- 3. 5 pts. each
 - (a) Determine algebraically whether the graph of $x^2y^2 + 5xy = 2$ is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, the y-axis, the origin, more than one of these, or none of these.
 - (b) Is the function $R(x) = \frac{x^4 2x^2 + 3}{x^3}$ even, odd, or neither?
- 4. 10 pts. each Define

$$q(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2}x^2, & \text{if } x < 2\\ 2x - 3, & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Graph y = q(x).
- (b) What is the domain and range of q?
- 5. $\boxed{10 \text{ pts.}}$ Write the equation of the line passing through (-3,1) and (-14,-7) in slope-intercept form.
- 6. 10 pts. If one point on a line is (4, -3) and the line's slope is $\frac{2}{5}$, what is the y-intercept?
- 7. 10 pts. A line L has y-intercept 2 and is perpendicular to the line y 4x + 1 = 0. Find the equation for L in slope-intercept form.

8. 10 pts. each Find the domain of each function in interval notation.

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{x^2 - 16}$$

(b)
$$r(x) = \frac{x-2}{\frac{15}{x} - 5}$$

- 9. 10 pts. each Let $F(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$ and $G(x) = \sqrt{2x+5}$. For what follows find all domains in interval notation.
 - (a) Find the domain of F and G separately.
 - (b) Find F G and its domain.
 - (c) Find F/G and its domain.
- 10. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{5}{x 36}$.
 - (a) 5 pts. Find $(f \circ g)(x)$. No need to simplify.
 - (b) 10 pts. Find the domain of $f \circ g$ in interval notation.
- 11. 10 pts. each The function $f(x) = \frac{7-3x}{9x+2}$ is one-to-one.
 - (a) Find an equation for $f^{-1}(x)$.
 - (b) Use interval notation to give the domain and range of f and f^{-1} .