

**Math 103**  
**Exam #4**  
**Summer '09**

**Name:**

1. 5 pts. each Simplify each root.

(a)  $\sqrt[6]{(-5)^6}$

(b)  $\sqrt{(-q)^2}$

2. 5 pts. each Evaluate each exponential (show work, since you're supposed to be doing these by hand).

(a)  $64^{3/2}$

(b)  $32^{-3/5}$

3. 10 pts. each Simplify each expression. Write all answers with positive exponents. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

(a)  $r^{-8/9} \cdot r^{17/9}$

(b)  $\frac{m^{3/4}n^{-1/4}}{(m^2n)^{1/2}}$

4. 10 pts. each Simplify each radical. Assume variables represent positive numbers.

(a)  $\sqrt{18}$

(b)  $\sqrt{144x^3y^9}$

(c)  $\sqrt[3]{-16z^5t^7}$

(d)  $\sqrt{\frac{v^{13}}{169}}$

5. 10 pts. each Simplify. Assume variables represent positive numbers.

(a)  $5\sqrt{8} + 3\sqrt{72} - 3\sqrt{50}$

(b)  $3\sqrt[4]{x^5y} - 2x\sqrt[4]{xy}$

6. 10 pts. Multiply, and then simplify the product:  
 $(2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})(3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{5})$ .

7. 10 pts. each Rationalize the denominator in each expression. Assume variables represent positive numbers.

(a)  $\frac{-5}{\sqrt{24}}$

(b)  $\frac{4}{3 - \sqrt{7}}$

8. 10 pts. each Solve each charming little radical equation.

(a)  $9 - \sqrt{4z + 1} = 0$

(b)  $w = \sqrt{w^2 - 4w - 8}$

(c)  $\sqrt[3]{2k - 11} - \sqrt[3]{5k + 1} = 0$

9. 10 pts. each Subtract, multiply or divide the complex numbers as indicated, and write your answers in the form  $a + bi$ .

(a)  $(9 + i) - (5 + 6i)$

(b)  $3i(4 + 9i)$

(c)  $(4 + 3i)^2$

(d)  $\frac{29}{5 + 2i}$

10. 10 pts. each Solve each enchanting little quadratic equation using the quadratic formula.

(a)  $(x - 3)(x + 5) = 2$

(b)  $x^2 + 4x + 11 = 0$

11. 15 pts. Graph the parabola  $y = (x - 2)^2 + 3$  by plotting at least four points. Give the vertex and axis.