MATH 103 EXAM #3 KEY (SUMMER 2011)

1a.
$$\frac{(v-6)(v+6)}{5(v+6)} = \frac{v-6}{5}$$

1b.
$$\frac{(4x+1)(2x-3)}{(4x+3)(2x-3)} = \frac{4x+1}{4x+3}$$

2a.
$$\frac{u^3v^2}{15u^2v^4} \cdot \frac{5v^11}{12u^4v^2} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{v^7}{12u^3} = \frac{v^7}{36u^3}$$

2b.
$$\frac{(z-1)(z+1)}{6z} \cdot \frac{2}{-(z-1)} = \frac{z+1}{3z} \cdot \frac{1}{-1} = -\frac{z+1}{3z}$$

2c.
$$\frac{(t-7)(t+7)}{(t+7)(t-3)} \cdot \frac{(t+5)(t+3)}{(t-7)(t+5)} = \frac{1}{t-3} \cdot \frac{t+3}{1} = \frac{t+3}{t-3}$$

3a.
$$\frac{28}{12y} + \frac{27}{12y} = \frac{55}{12y}$$

3b.
$$\frac{x-3}{(x-3)(x+2)} - \frac{x+2}{(x-3)(x+2)} = \frac{x-3-(x+2)}{(x-3)(x+2)} = -\frac{5}{(x-3)(x+2)}$$

3c.
$$\frac{5x^2}{x(x-3)} + \frac{2(x-3)}{x(x-3)} + \frac{6}{x(x-3)} = \frac{5x^2 + 2(x-3) + 6}{x(x-3)} = \frac{5x^2 + 2x}{x(x-3)} = \frac{x(5x+2)}{x(x-3)} = \frac{5x + 2}{x-3}$$

4.
$$\frac{4 - \frac{1}{p}}{9 + \frac{5}{p}} \cdot \frac{p}{p} = \frac{4p - 1}{9p + 5}$$

5a.
$$2x(x+1) \cdot \left(2 - \frac{5}{2x}\right) = 2x(x+1) \cdot \left(\frac{2x}{x+1}\right) \implies 4x(x+1) - 5(x+1) = 4x^2 \implies 4x^2 - x - 5 = 4x^2 \implies x = -5$$

5b.
$$2x(x+3) + 4(x-3) = -24 \implies 2x^2 + 10x + 12 = 0 \implies x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0 \implies (x+3)(x+2) = 0 \implies x = -3, -2 \implies x = -2 \implies \text{Solution set is } \{-2\}.$$

6.
$$pqf \cdot \left(\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q}\right) = \frac{1}{f} \cdot pqf \implies qf + pf = pq \implies pq - pf = qf \implies p(q - f) = qf \implies p = \frac{qf}{q - f}$$

7.				
		Rate	Time	Distance
	East	500	$\frac{x}{500}$	x
	West	350	$\frac{x}{350}$	x

The round-trip time was 8.5 hours, so we obtain the equation $\frac{x}{500} + \frac{x}{350} = 8.5$. Multiplying both sides by 3,500 gives: $7x + 10x = 29,750 \implies 17x = 29,750 \implies x = 1,750$ miles.

8.

	Rate	Time	Distance
Jerry	$\frac{1}{20}$	12	$\frac{12}{20}$
Tom	$\frac{1}{t}$	12	$\frac{12}{t}$

Let t be the time it would take Tom to do the job working alone. We get $\frac{12}{20} + \frac{12}{t} = 1 \implies \frac{3}{5} + \frac{12}{t} = 1 \implies 3t + 60 = 5t \implies t = 30$ hours.

9a. The second equation gives y = 3-2x, which we substitute into the first equation to get $3x-2(3-2x) = 7 \Rightarrow 3x-6+4x=7 \Rightarrow 7x=13 \Rightarrow x=13/7$. Putting this into either equation in the system yields y=-5/7. Solution is $\left(\frac{13}{7},-\frac{5}{7}\right)$.

9b. The second equation gives y = 5x, which we substitute into the first equation to get $\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{5}(5x) = 9 \Rightarrow 5x - 4(5x) = 180 \Rightarrow -15x = 180 \Rightarrow x = -12$. Putting this into either equation in the system yields y = -60. Solution is (-12, -60).