MATH 102 EXAM #3 KEY (FALL 2010)

1a.
$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 11$$

1b.
$$3^2 \cdot 19 \cdot 29$$

2a.
$$GCD = 21$$
 and $LCM = 58,212$

2b. GCD =
$$2 \cdot 3 = 6$$
 and LCM = $2^3 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 = 37,800$

3. We find the least common multiple of the three numbers to arrive at 2,590,770 days.

6. Use the Distributive Property to transform
$$10y + 4(3 + 5y)$$
 to $10y + (12 + 20y)$; then, use the Commutative Property of Addition to get $10y + (20y + 12)$; next, use the Associative Property of Addition to obtain $(10y + 20y) + 12$, which immediately yields $30y + 12$.

7a.
$$x = 3$$
.

7b. We can multiply both sides of equation by 15 to get
$$5y + 60 = 6y - 90$$
, which yields $y = 150$.

- **8.** Let x be total sales, so we obtain the equation 400 + 0.07x = 790. The solution to this equation, rounded to the nearest penny, is \$5571.43.
- **9.** If w is the width, then w+3 is the length, and we get 2w+2(w+3)=54. Solution is w=12, so the perimeter will be 12 feet by 15 feet.

10.

